



# How to make the capacity of stakeholders work for sustainable energy access - Guiding Principles and Considerations

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#### **ENERGY IS AN ENABLING FACTOR**

- Replacing human and animal labour with more convenient and efficient sources of energy
- Provision of energy is not an end in itself, but an important tool
- Energy programs should contribute to achieve the MDGs



Nicaragua, La Laguna HPP, 60kW, 200l/sec, 47m, 55 fam, 5.5 km grid



### ENERGY SERVICES SHOULD BE DEMAND-SIDE DRIVEN

- Development must deal with the entire energy chain
- Meeting end users multiple needs for services being sustainable, environmentally friendly including supply security
- Inadequate supply may constitute a bottle neck for development in other sectors





### BALANCE UNEQUAL ACCESS TO ENERGY SERVICES

- Disparities between different income groups, men and women, rural and urban areas
- Growing population and urbanisation put pressure on biomass resources
- Major impact due to lack of sustainable management of wood and charcoal
- Exploitation of wood is exceeding sustainable level and causes environmental degradation





#### SAFEGUARDING AND INCREASING ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- Efficient use leads to improvements in energy intensity to be ensured also in LDC countries
- Efficiency is beneficial for individuals and the economy as a whole





### INDIVIDUAL AND NOT TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN SOLUTIONS

- Development goals are not technology driven
- The full menu of options has to be applied leads to tailored solutions
- Projects & programs to be screened for lifetime indicators
- Renewable energies mostly more attractive than typical technology of choice





#### SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC BALANCE

- Projects and Programs should apply mechanisms which combine financial sustainability with affordability of services while focusing on revenue generating activities
- Importance of upfront cost to enable switching to better fuels
- Encourage socially balanced energy policies including subsidies





#### CREATION OF AN ENABLING ENVIRONMENT

- The ongoing restructuring of the energy industry represents a window of opportunity to address energy for development in national policies.
- Large scale market reforms not earlier in place than structures for rural areas
- Activities should include sustainability criteria
- Capacity building to overcome barriers





### COMBINE ACCESS TO ENERGY WITH ADDITIONAL INCOME

- Access activities should go hand in hand with stimulation of income generation
- The private sector should anchor the scaling up, since public finance cannot meet all needs
- Incorporate private sector promotion strategy and income generation strategy for the poor



## OWNERSHIP AND GOOD GOVERNANCE (NATIONAL INTEGRATION)

- Priority is given to countries and regions having a clear energy policy based on political ownership, commitment to Good Governance and prioritisation of poverty alleviation
- PRSPs and bilateral donor programs incorporate energy as an integrated part into related other sectors
- Energy plans are based on participation at all levels





## (PROMOTING REGIONAL COOPERATION) exchanged for Hands-on Experiences

- Full participation cannot overcome minimum of professionalism
- Adapted low-tech approach does not mean old technology
- Good small or mini solutions are usually not scaled down utility solutions





#### BACKGROUND

- Integrated in ADC Energy Policy http://www.entwicklung.at/uploads/m edia/LL\_Energie\_Juni2009\_03.pdf
- EU GAERC meeting, Luxembourg, 10 April 2006 adopted these principles as the EU key message for the UN Commission for Sustainable Development (CSD 14 + 15)





#### thank you merci beaucoup muito obrigado



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